

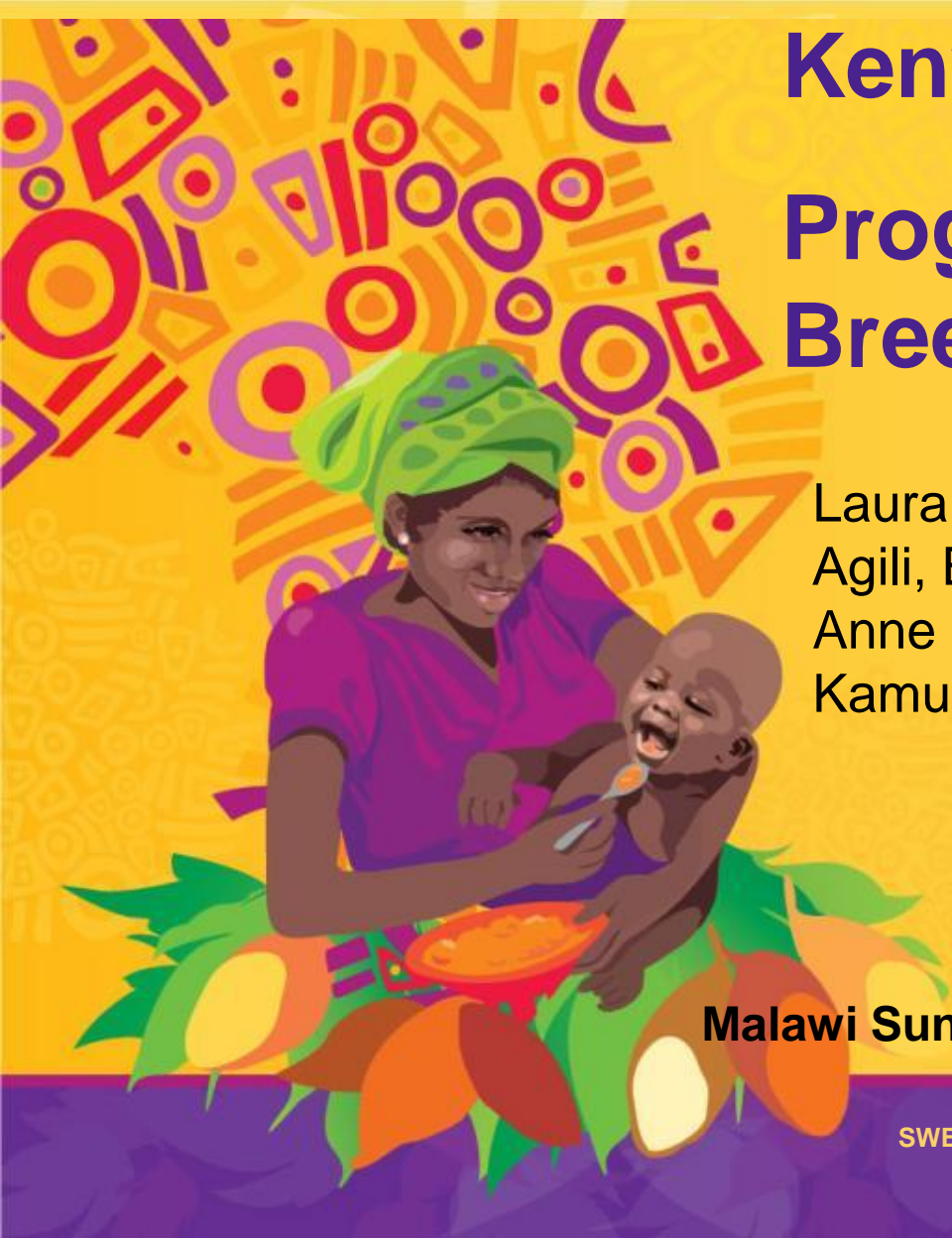
Kenya Country Report:

Progress in Sweetpotato Breeding 2009-2014

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SWEETPOTATO ACTION FOR SECURITY AND HEALTH IN AFRICA



Objectives



Overall objective: To improve the livelihoods of the rural population by enhancing the sweetpotato value chain

Specific objectives:

- To increase capacity to develop and release improved orange fleshed sweetpotato varieties in Kenya with desired attributes through farmer participatory selection
- To develop high yielding drought tolerant varieties
- To develop dual purpose cold tolerant varieties
- To increase farmer knowledge to adopt new improved sweetpotato varieties
- To develop linkages with seed multiplication groups

Most important SP landraces in ..country



Name of landrace	Root yieldt/ha	Flesh color	Dry matter(%)	Earl	SPVD	Alt	Remarks
Bungoma	8-25 t/ha	w	30	E	mr	mr	Popular variety, high consumer preference
Wera	8-25 t/ha	y	29	E	mr	mr	Popular farmer variety in most parts of Nyanza especially along the lake region
Sinia	12-24 t/ha	y	32	E	r	r	Popular variety, high consumer preference, high dry matter content
Nyathi-Odiewo	15-25	y	29.4	l	mr	mr	Popular variety with the consumers
Cunny	24	y	30,2	E	mr	mr	High DM, high yields
Namunyekera	19	y	29	E	mr	mr	High DM, high yields

Most important bred SP varieties in ..country



Name of variety	Root yieldt/ha	Flesh color	Dry matter (%)	Early	SPVD	Alt	Remarks
Kenspot 1	15-25	y	29.4	l	4.04	r	2013 in; 10 counties; moderate weevil resistance
Kenspot 2	15 to 46	w	26.2	l	4.65	r	2013 as above
Kenspot 3	10 to 27	lo	32.5	l	3.75	s	2013 as above
Kenspot 4	10 to 26	o	30.4	l	4.29	r	2013 as above
Kenspot 5	10 to 23	o	25.9	l	3.58	r	2013 as above
Cunny	24	y	30,2	E		r	High DM, high yields
Namunyekera	19	y	29	E		r	High DM, high yields

Flesh color: White (w), cream (cr), yellow (y), light orange (lo), orange (o), deep orange (do). Include Earl (Earliness: Early (E) (about 4 months), late (L) about 5 or more months

SPVD resistance (r: resistant, s:susceptible)

Alt (Alternaria blight resistance, r: resistant, s: susceptible)

Summary of progress 2009- 2014



Type of trial		Details	2009-2012	2013/14
Crossing block				
	1	No. of parents in crossing block	70	34
	2	No. of seed collected from OP	40,059	6,940
		a. Total no. of families of OP seed	56	34
	3	No. of seed collected from crosses	14,410	3,154
		a. Total no. of families of controlled crosses	125	22
Seedling nursery				
	1	No of seeds planted	18291	12,342
	2	No of seedlings established	15292	7,907
	3	Total no. of families planted	95	99

Summary of progress 2009- 2014



Type of trial		Details	2009-2012	2013/14
Observation trial				
(OT)	1	No of clones planted	200	8,050
	2	No of checks (check clones) planted	4	4
	3	No. of locations	2	2
Preliminary yield (PT)				
	1	No of clones planted	103	260
	2	No of checks (check clones) planted	4	8
	3	No. of locations	2	5
Advanced yield trial (AT)				
	1	No of clones planted	20	26
	2	No of checks (check clones) planted	4	4
	3	No. of locations	5	3

Summary of progress 2009- 2014



Type of trial	Details	2009-2012	2013/14
On-farm trials			
	1	No of farms/farmers per region/district / province	
		25	25
	2	Total no. of trials whole country	
		24	33
No of varieties released		7	7
No. of clones in pipeline for release by 2014			5
Package used for analysis:			
2009-2012			SAS, GenStat CloneSelector
2013/14			CloneSelector

Sweetpotato Foundation Seed system



Tissue culture lab:	Response (a)	Response (b)
No. of lamina flow benches (a)	1	
No. of CVs maintained in tissue culture (a)	5	
No. of screenhouses/need repair (a)	2	
No. of good screenhouses (a)	0	
No. of in vitro plantlets wined:		
a) Every 3-4 months (b) every year)	0	
No. of vine cuttings:		
a) Distributed every 4-5 months (b) every year)		200,000
a) Sold every 4-5 months [(b) every year]	200,000	400,000
How long does it take to breed a variety (years)?	5	
How long does the variety release process take? (Assuming all data is available)/1 season/1 year (a)?	1 year	

Linkage to Vine multipliers for further multiplication



Linkage to vine multipliers	Proportion	Comment
Government institutions (list):		
KARI, MOA, University	30%	Primary nursery
NGOs (list): Rehabilitation and Environmental Protection Programme (CREPP), Community Action For Rural Development (CARD), Rural Energy and Food security Organization (REFSO), Self Help Africa (SHA), Farmer Input Promotion Services (FIPS), TORRETI seed company	50 %	Decentralized vine multipliers (Secondary nursery)
Farmer multipliers : Kasambara Farmer group, USAID supported	10%	Tertiary nursery
Others (list them): AFRIBUSINESS, Farm concern	10%	Training on business development skills and develop market data base

Status of AGRA grant



Project title: Development and Evaluation of Improved Sweetpotato Varieties through Farmer Participatory Breeding in Kenya	Response
Approved but has not started	No
Funded since	2007
Amount	USD 185,365
Expiration date	2010
Renewal proposal (delete what is not applicable):	Yes
Not yet written/ In process of writing	No
Written but not submitted	No
Submitted, waiting for feedback	Yes
2 nd phase funded since (year), amount (USD)	2011, USD 150,000
Other information on AGRA grant: AGRA has just funded the team for seed multiplication of the five newly released varieties under the project No, 2013 PASS 032	Yes

Number of SP varieties released 2009 - 2014



No. of varieties released		No. of release document(s)*	No. of release papers /Manuscripts**
Non-orange	Orange		
5	9	2	1
No. of clones in pipeline for release (final tests/data already compiled)			
Non-orange	Orange		
3	2	1	0

* Document submitted to Variety Release Committee/Authority; Each release has a separate document (several varieties released at the same time have one document)

**Papers published in journal(s) or manuscript for journal/submitted/to be submitted

Detailed information of variety release documents (2009-2014)



- *Document submitted to Variety Release Committee/Authority
Author(s), Title, Year of submission, Organization, City, Country
- **Papers published in journal or manuscript for journal submission
Give details, author(s)., year, title, journal (target journal if not submitted yet), page number(s)/where applicable

Papers published/Manuscripts (2009-2014)



1. Agili S, Nyende B, Ngamau K, Masinde P (2012) Selection, Yield Evaluation, Drought Tolerance Indices of Orange-Flesh Sweet potato (*Ipomoea batatas* Lam) Hybrid Clone. J Nutr Food Sci 2:138. doi:10.4172/2155-9600.1000138
2. A.W.Gichangi, S. Y. C. Essah, R. N. Mbogo, J. G. Wamuyu and C. N. Macharia (2012) Sweet potato marketing and estimation of postharvest losses in Kenya. CROP RESEARCH, 43(3)
3. E. W Macharia, J.N. Malinga, L. Karanja, J.N. Ndungu, D.K Lelgut and A.W.Gichangi (2009) Occurrence of Sweetpotato cultivars in the High Potential Highlands of the Rift valley. African crop science society conference Cape town 28th September to 1st October 2009.
4. Gichangi A., Ngigi M., Njehia B.K., Karanja L., Macharia N. (2010) Analysis of structure – Conduct- Performance of Sweetpotato Marketing: The Case of Nairobi and Kisumu, Kenya. 8th Triennial Conference of the African Potato Association, Cape Town, South Africa. 5th to 9th December 2010.
5. Gichangi A, Ngigi M., Njehia B.K., Karanja L., Lelgut D.K, Malinga J and Macharia C.N.(2009) sweetpotato markets in Kenya: assessment of structure conduct and Performance. 1st All Africa Horticulture Congress Association of Agricultural, Safari Park Hotel, Nairobi, Kenya, August 31st – September 3rd, 2009.

Papers published/Manuscripts (2009-2014)



- 6 Gichangi A, Ngigi M., Njehia B.K., Karanja L., Lelgut D.K, Malinga J and Macharia C.N.(2009). Sweetpotato markets in Kenya: assessment of structure conduct and Performance. 1st All Africa Horticulture Congress Association of Agricultural, Safari Park Hotel, Nairobi, Kenya, August 31st – September 3rd, 2009.
- 7 Karanja L., Malinga J., Nyaboga E., Ndung'u J(2008) Virus screening in sweetpotato germplasm for Central Rift Kenya. Proceedings of 11th KARI Biennial Conference and the 3rd Agricultural Forum. 10-14th November, 2008. KARI HQ, Nairobi, Kenya.
- 8 Kivuva, B.M., S.M. Githiri, G. C. Yencho, J. Sibiyia, 2013. Mitigating negative drought effects on sweetpotato productivity through tolerant cultivars in Kenya, APA 2013 abstract.
- 9 Kivuva, B.M., S.M. Githiri, G. C. Yencho, J. Sibiyia, 2014. Genotype x Environment Interaction for Storage Root Yield in Sweetpotato under Managed Drought Stress Conditions; Journal of Agricultural Science, Accepted – awaiting payment of publication fees

Papers published/Manuscripts (2009-2014)



- 10 Kivuva, B.M., S.M. Githiri, G. C. Yencho, J. Sibiya, 2014. Combining ability and heterosis for yield and drought tolerance traits under managed drought stress in sweetpotato, Euphytica Accepted for publication with minor corrections
- 11 Kivuva, B.M., S.M. Githiri, G. C. Yencho, J. Sibiya, 2014. Screening sweetpotato genotypes for tolerance to drought stress- Targeting field crops journal (finalizing manuscript to send to the journal)
- 12 Kivuva, B.M., S.M. Githiri, G. C. Yencho, J. Sibiya, 2014. Screening for drought stress tolerance mechanisms in sweetpotato- Targeting Plant breeding journal- manuscript undergoing internal review in order to send to the journal
- 13 Laura Karanja, Joyce Malinga, John Ndung'u, Anne Gichangi, David Lelgut and John Kamundia Development and Evaluation of New Sweetpotato Varieties through Farmer Participatory Breeding for High Altitudes in Kenya 2013 under review by CABI
- 14 L. Karanja, J. Malinga, J. Ndungu, D. Lelgut and A. Gichangi. (2009) Sweetpotato Variety Development in Central Rift Kenya through farmer Participatory approach. PASS Grantees' Meeting, Bamako, Mali , 2009.

- 14 Malinga J.N., Karanja L., Ndung'u J.N., Gichuki S., Ndolo P., Alomba E., Luvoga J., Meso M and Kamundia J. (2008) Participatory Phenotyping of Sweetpotato to meet demands in the highlands of Central Rift, Kenya. Proceedings of 11th KARI Biennial Conference and the 3rd Agricultural Forum. 10-14th November, 2008. KARI HQ, Nairobi, Kenya.
- 15 Remy Titien, Cyprian Ebong, Ben Lukuyu, Sammy Agili; Jan Low, Charles Gachuri: Effect of Location, Genotype and Ratooning on chemical composition of sweetpotato (*Ipomea Batatas*(L) (Lam) vines and quality attributes of the roots. *Agricultural Journal* 8 (6) 315-321, 2013

Current staff on sweetpotato research



Sweetpotato (SP) Staff Category	No.	Gender (M/F)	Age <35 / > 35 years
Full/Part time on SP (%) (indicate qualification):			
PhD (Plant breeder, 30%)	4	F:M	>35
BSc (Agronomist, 20%)	4	M	>35
Technicians, 50%	6	F	<35
MSc (tissue culture, 50%)	1	M	<35
Diploma (breeding & seed systems	1	M	<35
Certificate (breeding, 100%)	2	F	>35
Total	18	(9 M:9F)	
Comment:			

Human capacity

Discipline	Degree attained	No	% time
Breeders	PhD	4	30
Agronomists	MSc	2	20
Pathologists	PhD	1	20
Postharvest/ Biochemist	MSc	2	20
Nutritionist	MSc	1	20
Socio-economists	MSc	2	20
Technicians	Diploma	5	20

Update Other Project Information

Funding source/amount /duration:

AGRA USD - 335,665 (6yrs), KAPAP USD24,000

KOPIA sweetpotato project: 30,000USD per year for 3 years (2012-2014)

Number of scientists and technicians in program:

Scientists: 12, Technicians 5.

Constraints:

1. Delays in the flow of funds
2. Inadequate Funds to carry out trials on breeding and dissemination activities

Proposed future activities:

1. Proposal writing to seek funding of the trials
2. Continue with breeding for drought tolerance
3. Up-scaling seed for the five new varieties
4. Proceed with advanced trials for cold tolerant and drought tolerant varieties

Conclusion



- In the year 2013, 80.4% of farmers in Western Kenya grew sweet potatoes for food or as a substitute food with only 38.5% planting high nutrition OFSP varieties.

Thank you

