13th annual Sweet potato breeders meeting, 17 -20 June, 2014 Blantyre, Malawi Ethiopia

- Area under sweetpotato production in Ethiopia: Over 50 thousands of hectare (FOA,2010)
- >400 thousands tons of production with productivity of 8.4 tones/Ha
- 16th in rank of world production(FAO, 2010)
- Produced by 1.7 million HH
- The productivity gap between farm field and research stations is very high;

Objectives of the improvement program

 To investigate high and stable yielding sweetpotato varieties with resistannce/tolerance to diseases and insect pests(SPVD, weevils, butter flies,...) and drought and acceptable consumer proffered qualities(high dry matter, high beta carotein,...)

Landraces under production

- In the past there were several land races under production, but recently there is no known landrace
- ?lost most probably because of several incidences of drought that affected traditionally sweetpotato growing areas

Most important bred varieties

- 24 varieties were released
 - 18 white fleshed
 - Awassa-83
 - Temesgen
 - Belela
 - Beletecc
 - Ogansegen
 - 6 orange fleshed
 - Kulfo
 - Tulla

Crossing block

- 26 parents
 - Most of the varieties did not flower. Only seven varieties used to flower. So it needs some special strategy to promote flowering for crossing purpose

Types of trials

- Seedling nurseries
- In 2012 one nursery with 10 poly cross botanical seed families obtained from CIP/Uganda
 - 3000 seeds planted
 - 1746 seedlings were raised
- In 2013 one nursery with 33 poly cross botanical seed families
 - 3300 seeds were planted
 - 2400 seedlings were raised

Types of trial

- Observation nursery
 - Location: 1
 - 1700 clones with six cheks under augumneted design
- Preliminary yield trial
 - Location : 2
 - 64 clones with six checks using simple lattice design
- Adaptation trial with introduced OFSP
 - Location: 8 locations
 - Three varieties with three checks with two replication under RCBD

Foundation seed system

- 4 ha under foundation seed multiplication
 - Commercial seed producers
 - Direct dissemination through extension system
- Tissue culture facilities
 - □ In the past we were assisted by CIP/kenya
 - Now we have tissue culture laboratories supported through CIP to produce clean plantlets of SP

Research personnel

- In national program
 - One scientist(Ph.D.)
 - Two technicians(diploma in agricultur)
- In regional programs
 - There are over eight researchers who devote more than 25% their time for sweet potato improvement
- In the future

– One Ph.D. student under AGRA training

Funding source

- Ethiopian Government is the main source of funding
- For seed system development we funded through CIP projects: DONATA, BPBL and Irish aid nutrition project

Challenges for future

- Low yielding varietie
- Disease(SPVD)
- Insect pests(weevil)
- Drought
- Availability of clean planting material
- ?

