Challenges of producing and marketing quality sweetpotato planting materials as a business



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Introduction

- Sweetpotato is an important crop among most farming communities in Uganda and is now increasingly becoming a commercial food commodity in urban areas.
- The sources of planting materials are traditional to each area and are vegetatively propagated at house hold level.
- Sweetpotato has a much wider local variety base than other root crops.

Interventions: For improvements are mainly by NARO and other organizations/projects (e.g. FAO,CIP,REU,DONATA) through small holder farmer groups in Northern, Eastern and Central Uganda.

Case of SOSPA

Case of Soroti Orange-fleshed Sweet Potato Processors Association (SOSPA):

- Small holder farmers association of over 300 members in Serere District, Eastern Uganda, founded in 2004.
- Trained on sweetpotato production and management practices-FFS 2003.
- Adopted improved sweetpotato varieties and conservation and multiplication techniques, 2004
- Initiated commercial multiplication of sweetpotato vine cuttings, especially OFSP in 2005.
- An MOU with PRAPACE- To multiply 3200 bags of quality OFSP vine cuttings for distribution to Bukedea and Kamuli Districts- 2006
- FAO at their food security meeting about the importance of sweetpotato, especially OFSP as food security crop for emergency response (2007).

Estimated costs of vine multiplication under high density planting per acre

Item/activity	Quantity	Unit cost	Total amount (UGSH.)
Ox- ploughing	X2	50,000	100,000
Cost of conserving and harvesting seed vines	100 bags	2,000	200,000
Planting	50 people	5,000	250,000
Fertilizer (NPK 25:5:5)	300 kgs	2000	600,000
Irrigation fuel	100 litres	4,000	400,000
Irrigation labour	4 people x 14 wks	5,000	280,000
Weeding	40 people x 1	2,500	100,000
Pesticides	750 mls	50	37,500
Blanket spray labour	1 x 3 months x 4 people	5,000	60,000
Other costs			100,000
Cost of production 300 bags			2,127,500
Net income [300 bags x 15,000 - 2,127,500]			2,372,500



Supply

Several contract agreements to supply quality vine cuttings of up to 30,000 bags (30 million vine cuttings) estimated to plant 2000 acres of land have been signed with various NGOs operating in Northern, North-Eastern and Eastern Uganda in 20 districts (Kumi, Amuria, Katakwi, Bukedea, Kaberamaido, Pallisa, Tororo, Bugiri, Kamuli, Mukono, Abim, Kotido, Kaabong, Moroto, Nakapiripirit, Oyam, Apac, Gulu, Pader and Kitgum)

Diversification and Investments











Home needs
e.g. house construction
School fees, purchase
of cows
Establishment of

Establishment of processing plant

Major Challenges

Nature of commodity

Capacity of producers

Marketing

Challenge 1 Limited Costly storage conservation & multiplication sites available Nature of commodity Unsecure Highly (easy prey) perishable

Challenge 2

Small holder farmer based

Attitude of the farmers

Capacity of producers

Fear of risks

Limited access to reliable production sites

Challenge 3

uncertain demand

Unstable price

Marketing

Competing alternative sources

diverse local varieties Thank you for listening

