

# The role of the private sector, PPPs and intellectual property management in technology transfer

Ian Barker Head Agricultural Partnerships

### Sygnenta Foundation for Sustainable Agriculture

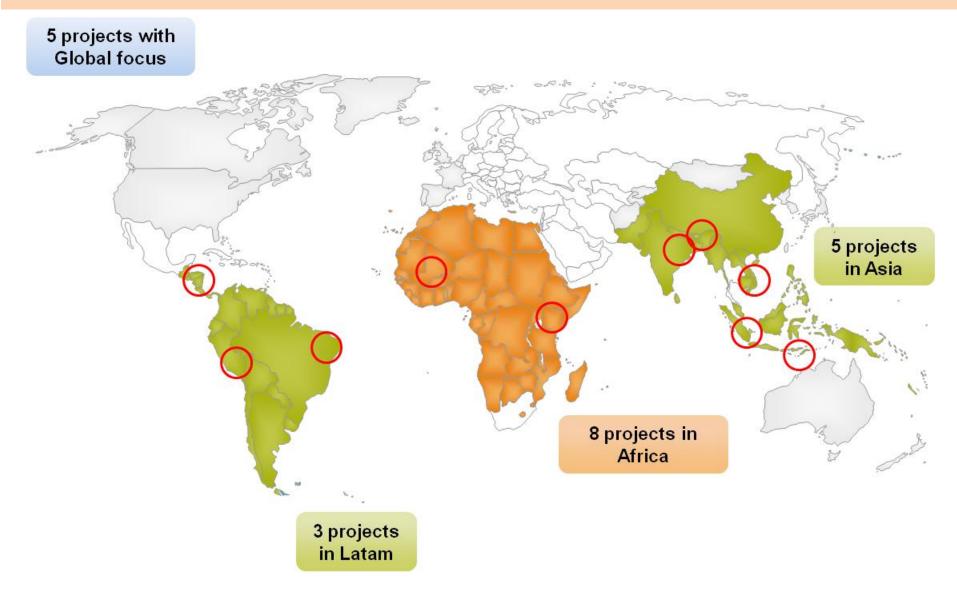
- The Foundation is a non-profit organization established by Syngenta under Swiss law.
- The Foundation can access company expertise, but is legally independent and has its own Board.
- We focus on "pre-commercial farmers"; Syngenta works primarily with commercial growers. The Foundation is free to choose the most suitable products and methods for its projects. Syngenta is one of many potential partners.

#### **Our mission**

- Increasing productivity of pre-commercial farmers
- Enabling sustainable resource management
- Linking farmers to input and output markets



### **Global Presence**

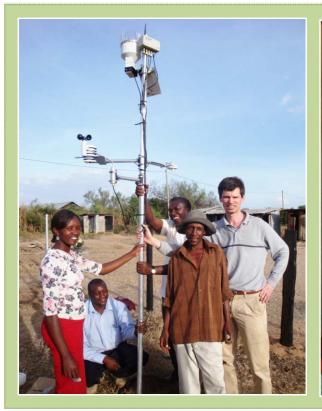








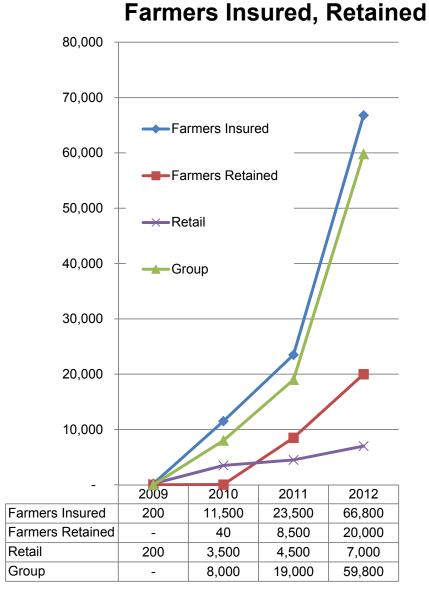
#### Kilimo Salama: index linked micro-insurance



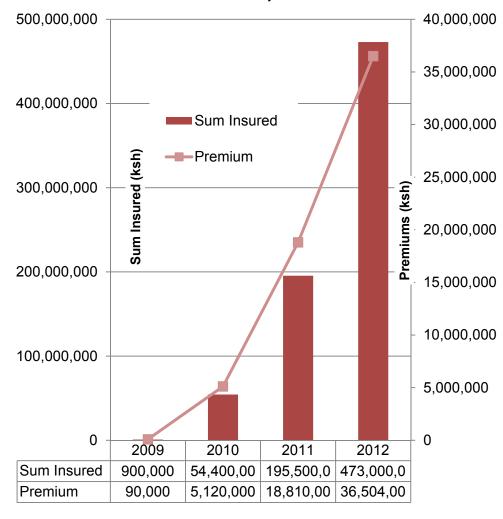




#### **Growth 2009 - 2012 LR**



#### **Sum Insured, Premiums**







### Mobile technology to support "farming as a business"

"FarmForce"

**syngenta** foundation for sustainable agriculture

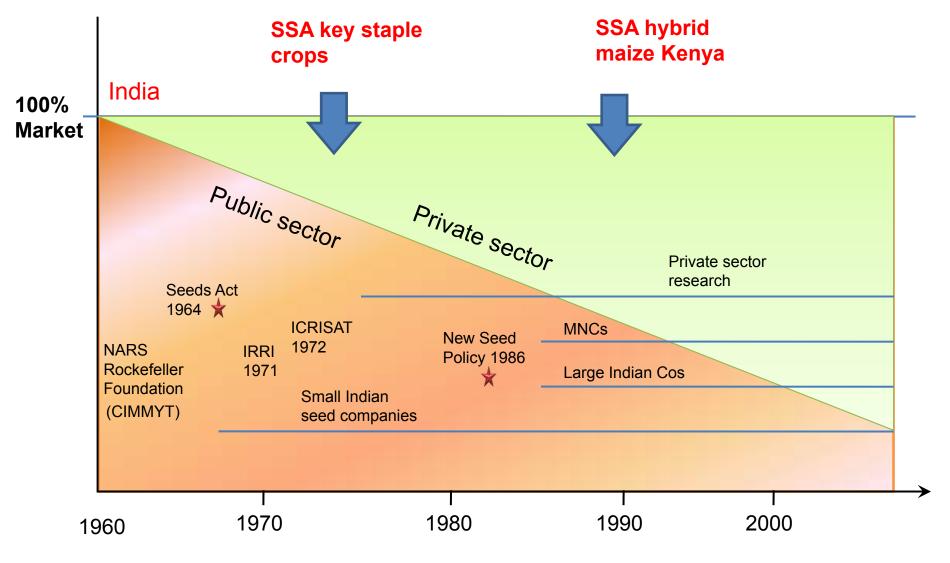


## Access to Seed of new varieties for many crops in Africa is still a problem: "Technology left on the shelf"

- Access to quality seed of improved varieties is the key in modernization of small-holder agriculture: tackling the yield gap, improving nutrition and livelihoods
- Availability of quality seed of many crops is very limited in SSA, with exception of hybrid maize in some East and Southern African countries.
- Public Private Partnerships hold key to progress, but require, trust, risk sharing and common goals.



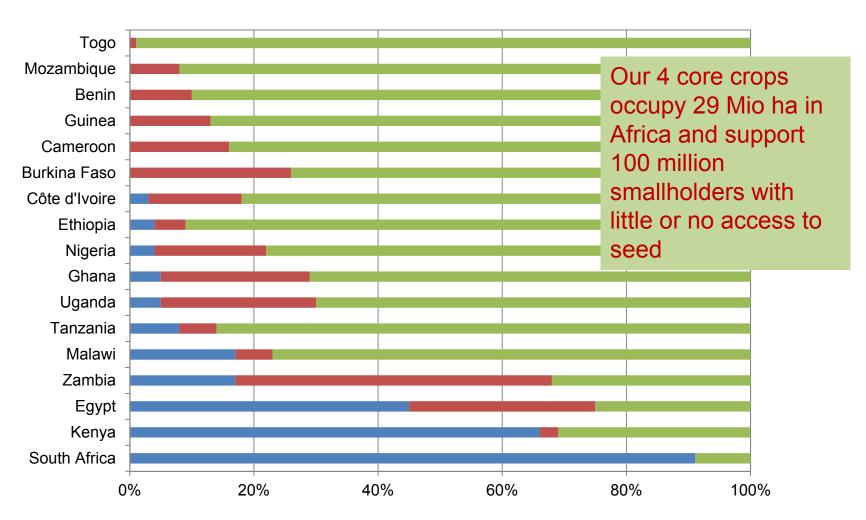
## Is the India small seed company model part of the way forward in Africa?



## In Africa, most seed systems are informal (farmer-based) and low-yielding

#### **Area share of maize seed types**





Source: Global Seed Market Database, 2010



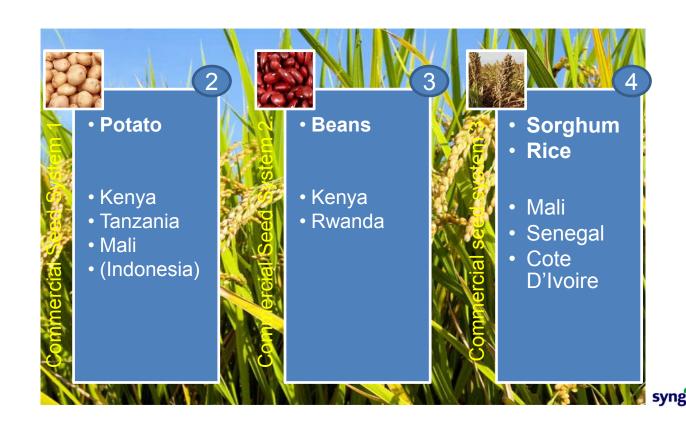
## The 71 members of the *International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV)*





#### **Crop and country focus for SFSA Seed project**

Accelerated seed and variety development platform
Accelerated variety release
Proprietary access to public/ private bred germplasm-IPR
Harmonization- East and West Africa



**syngenta** foundation for sustainable agriculture

#### Seeds2B: model and current partners- added value in Africa













#### Germplasm

Foundation seed proprietary varieties (licersing)



Advanced market committments
Input insurance (KS)





#### **Finance**

Working capital Investment Business training









Private Seed Company





#### **Technology**

Seed production Seed care



#### Seed company needs to have:

- Enabling policy environment
- Access to and confidence in markets
- Access to proprietary germplasm



#### Seeds2B: strategic facilitating partner



Aspen Institute based staff (Washington DC): Project facilitatition, advocacy, enabling policy environment (*Breaking the Barriers*)



Based in Brussels and Geneva: developing licensing tools and strategy



Merchant Bank based in London: developing business models



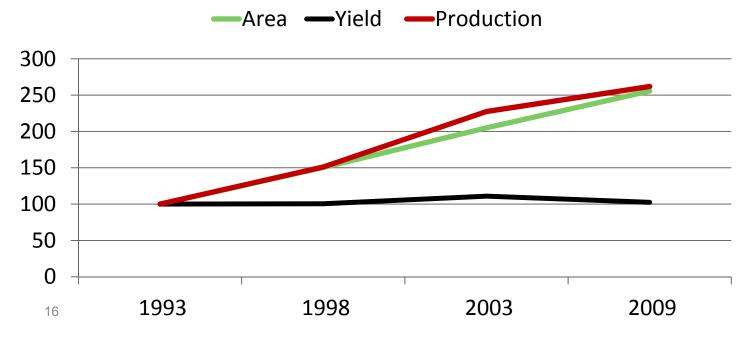
AATF based in nairobi: potential scaling partner for *Seeds2B* 



#### Potato production in Africa including Kenya

- Second crop after maize in Kenya
- Important short-cycle cash and subsistence crop in highlands of East Africa
- Demand growing at 3.1% p.a.
- Average yields of 7.8 t/ ha (FAOSTAT 2005) but many progressive farmers achieve 25t/ha
- Less than 1% of seed planted is quality seed, compared with 20% in India and China and 30% in Brazil







Large commercial farms can be successfully linked to smallholder enterprises: in this case as seed suppliers and offering training (Kenya).











**syngenta** foundation for sustainable agriculture

### Minituber production





### Field multiplication





### Kisima Foundation: Smallholder field days



#### First commercial certified potato seed in Iringa, Tanzania: Mtanga Farm

- Private sector investment and support from private foundations has seen investment in the production and dissemination of publically bred (CGIAR- CIP) improved potato varieties carrying pro-poor traits (disease resistance)
- Field multiplication from this pilot investment (AECF) will supply seed for 7000 small-holder farmers. Further private investment will scale this.

Registration (with **Trans Farm Africa**) of new varieties by the Tanzanian authorities in 2012, using Kenyan and ugandan data (EAC harmonized protocol), and continued training of TOSCI by KEPHIS in field certification and seed testing).



#### Opportunities to promote variety technology transfer

- To develop cross-center partnerships and platforms to evaluate promising germplasm and promote accelerated variety development (progress in EAC) and diffusion models with NARS and regulatory partners.
- Evaluate fair and transparent models (leveraging private sector investment, expertise and equitable benefit sharing) for offering commercial licences to varieties derived from IARC/NARS germplasm to private sector seed companies (and private to private).
- Jointly exploring and promoting IPR mechanisms and strategies for disseminating "PGRFA material under development" (International Treaty) through PVP systems.

## A possible strategy for accelerated technology transfer of improved pubic bred germplasm

- Re-evaluate thinking on appropriateness of IPG concept in relation to variety development and dissemination amongst public sector breeders (IARCS and NARS) and the development of more impact and market-oriented programs (through development of innovative partnership PPPs, and utilizing IPR tools for the benefit of the poor).
- Development of benefit sharing models, linked to PPPs, that incentivize private sector engagement and provide either long term sustainable income streams for public breeding and in-situ conservation or evidence of adoption depending on institutional mandates.

