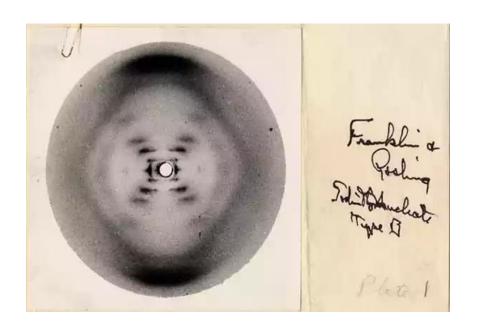


Sweetpotato ontology status

Reinhard Simon, CIP

GT4SP/SASHA workshop, Nairobi, Kenya, 6-9th of June, 2016

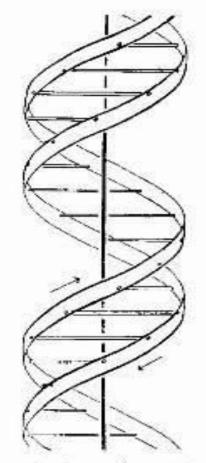




A case of big data ... The DNA model



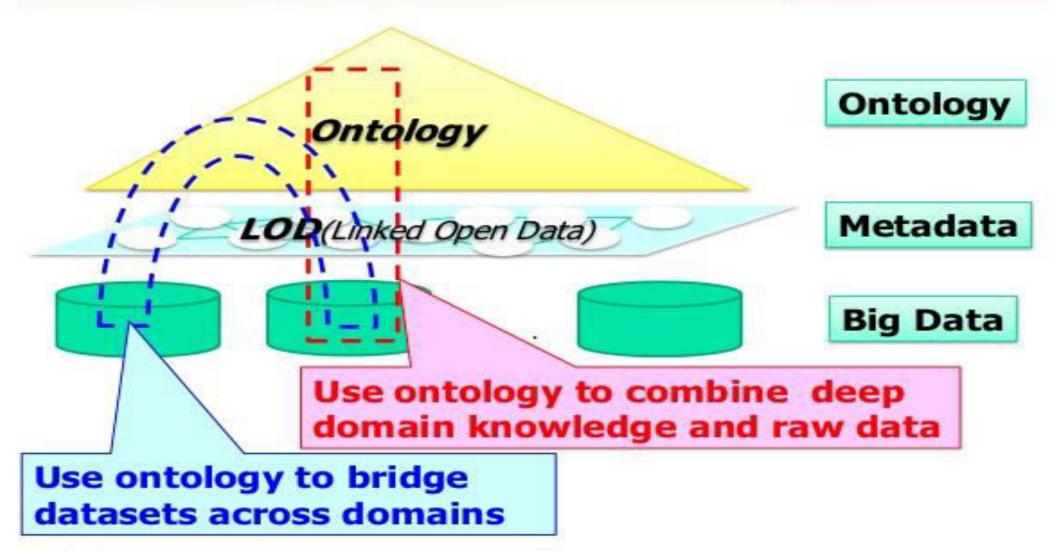




This figure is purely diagrammatic. The two ribbons symbolize the two phosphate—sugar chains, and the horizontal rods the pairs of bases holding the chains together. The vertical line marks the fibre axis

Two possible way to use ontology for big data

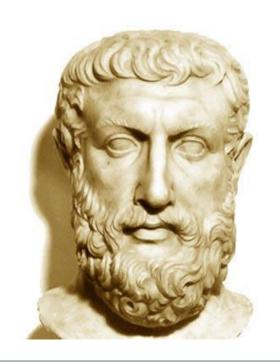




What is 'ontology'?

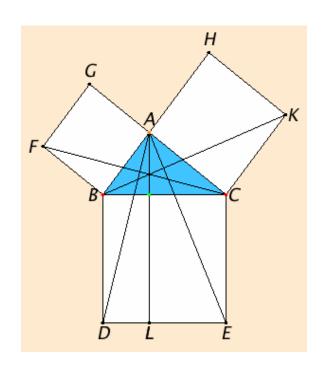
- · From Greek:
 - 'ontos' ~ the authentic essence of being / reality
 - 'logos' ~ word / reasoning

- Ontology: 'Reasoning about reality' (as opposed to mere opinions)
 - Formal system of knowledge organization
 - Definition of terms and relationships

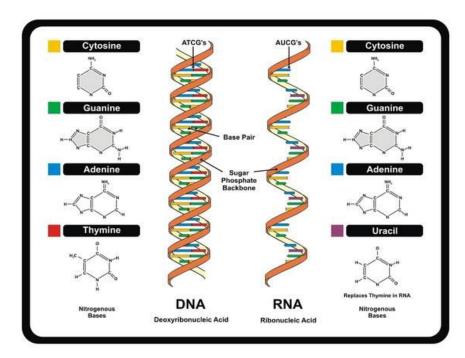


Parmenides: ~500 BC

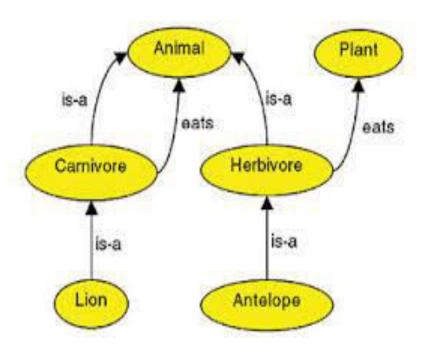
Ontology examples



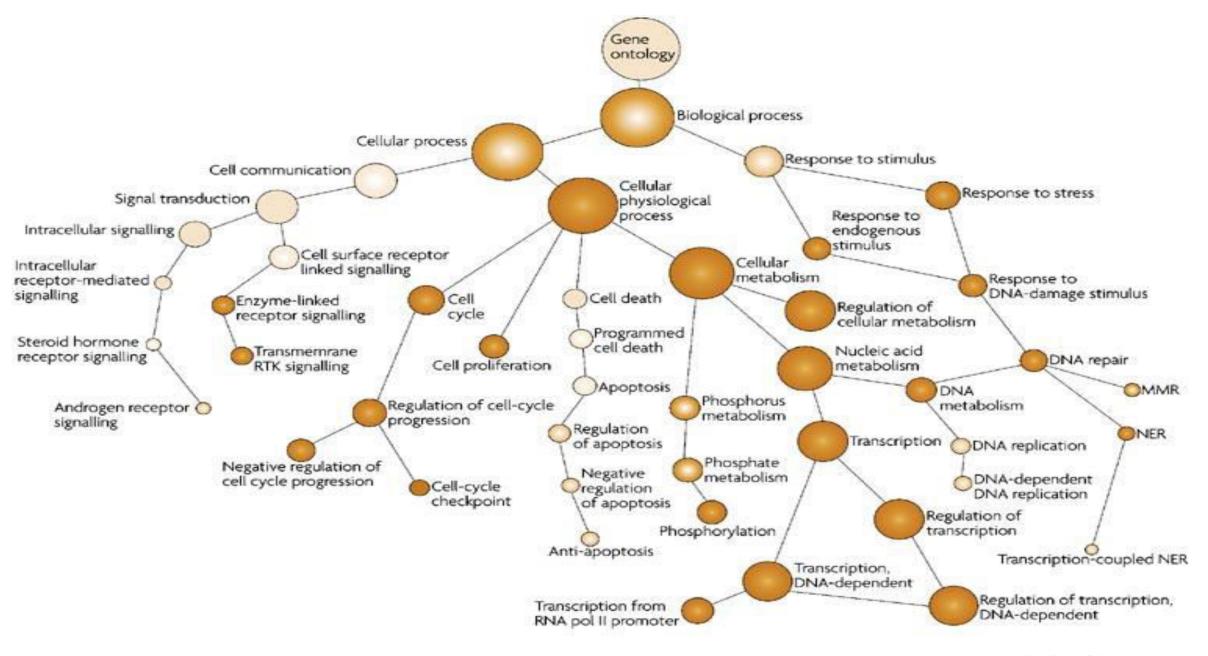
Euclid's geometry as an early example of consistent use of definitions and relationships

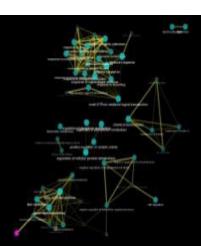


Chemical structures to capture domain knowledge in a very dense way.



Ontologized visualization of an ecological network with well-defined relationships.





Gene Ontology Network Enrichment Analysis Dmitry Grapov, PhD



Enrichment or Overrepresentation analysis



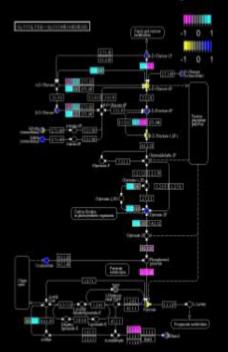




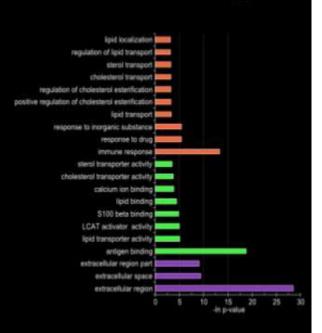


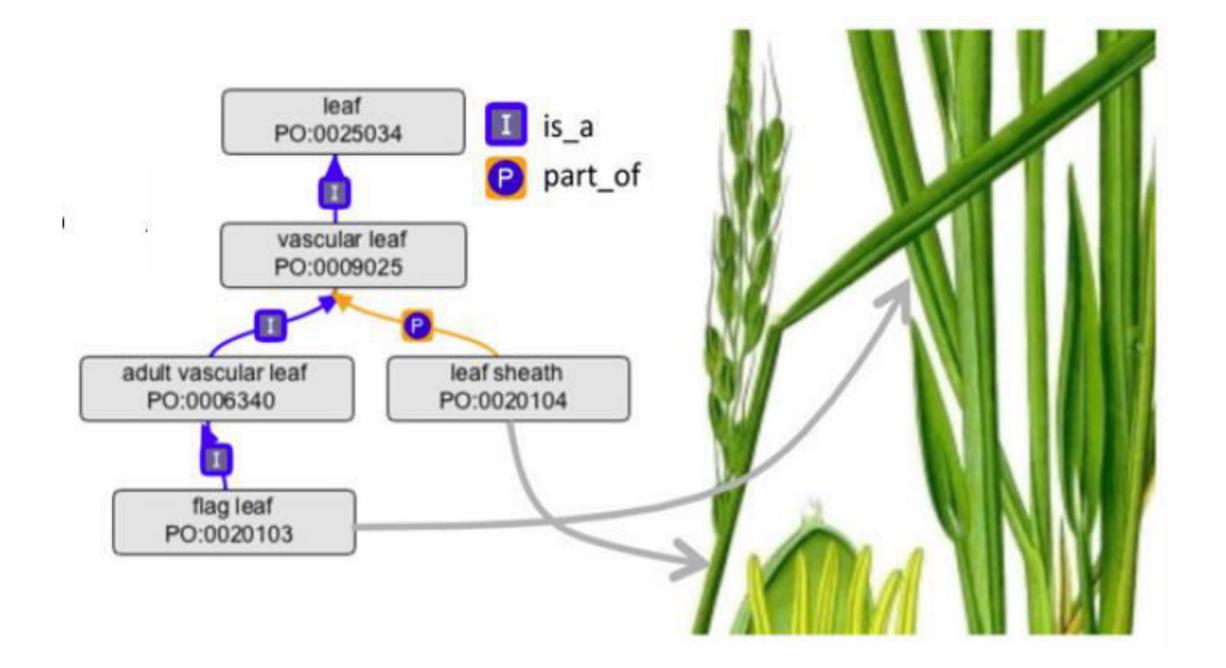


Biochemical Pathway



Biochemical Ontology



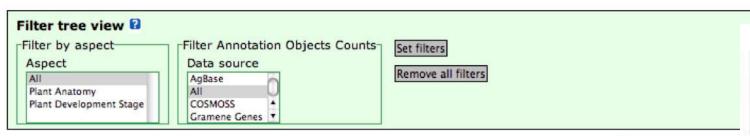




Plant Ontology Consortium

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Search PO Ontology Annotations Exact Match Submit



- □ all: all [110950]
 - □ 0 PO:0025131 : plant anatomical entity [110899]

 - ⊕ PO:0009011 : plant structure [110899]
 - PO:0025161: portion of plant substance [2]
 - 🗆 0 PO:0009012 : plant structure development stage [102919] 🐠
 - ⊕ PO:0025338 : collective plant structure development stage [49645]
 - PO:0025339 : plant organ development stage [46618]
 - ⊕ PO:0025423 : plant tissue development stage [1]
 - ⊕ PO:0001170 : seed development stage [30763]
 - PO:0025368 : trichome development stage [50]
 - PO:0007033: whole plant development stage [101903]

Graphical View Permalink Download as XML Download as flat file



The Plant Ontology: Linking Genomic and Phenomic Data Across Plant Taxa

Plant Ontology Consortium Members and Curators*:

Laurel D. Cooper*, Justin Elser, Justin Proece and Pankaj Jaiswal*:

Department of Botany and Plant Pathology, Oregon State University, Coryallis, OR.

Ramona L. Wallis* and Dennis W. Stevenson: The New York Botanical Garden, Bronx, NY

Maria A. Gandolfo: Department of Plant Bology, Cornell University, Ithaca, NY

Ontology Consultants:

Chris Mungall: Gene Ontology, Lawrence Berkeley National Lib, Berkeley, CA Barry Smith: OBO Foundry, Department of Philosophy, University at Bulfalo, NY

www.plantontology.org



has participant

Last updated 2012-04-04, SVN Version: 1491 How can we improve the PO? Send us your suggestions OR Contact the Plant Ontology Consortium



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In summary...

Why to build an ontology?

- To share common understanding of the structure of information among people or software agents
- To enable reuse of domain knowledge
- To make domain assumptions explicit
- To analyze domain knowledge

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How to build an ontology?



Basic ideas

- Yours will be different from mine
- Iterative process
- Initially, start with nouns and verbs
- A noun will be a class, attribute or instance
- A verb will be the relation
- Iterations are needed to further clarification

8

Methodology

- Define concept
- Organize them to taxonomy
- Define relations among the classes
- Define attributes and their values
- Define instances
- Define axioms and function

Building the ontology ...

- Sources to use
 - Experts
 - Ask everything want to know
 - Always keep manners
 - Grab their terminology
 - Documents
 - literatures, documents, technical information, etc.
 - Highlight underlying nouns and verbs
 - Existing ontologies
 - You are not the first one to think about that domain
 - Existing ontologies can be fully or partially reused



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http://www.cropontology.org

The Crop Ontology a resource for enabling access to breeders' data

Elizabeth Arnaud^{1*}, Luca Matteis¹, Marie Angelique Laporte¹, Herlin Espinosa², Glenn Hyman², Rosemary Shrestha³, Arlett Portugal⁴, Pierre Yves Chibon⁵, Medha Devare⁵, Akinnola Akintunde⁷, Jeffrey W. White⁸, Mark Wilkinson⁹, Caterina Caracciolo¹⁰, Fabrizio Celli¹⁰, Graham McLaren⁴

*Bievessy international, France, *International Center for Trapical Agriculture (CAT), Colombia, *Genetic Resources Program (GRP), Centra international de Majoramiento de Maio y Trigo (CRMNYT), Mexico, *Generation Challenge Programme (CCP) dis CRMNYT, *UR Plant Breeding, Univ. of Wageningen, The Nethe durits, *International Black Sea University (BSU), Georgia, *Centro de Biotecnologia y Genomica de Plantas UPM NNA, Spalin, **Feod and Agriculture Oramica to Pint Notational Black Sea University (BSU), Georgia, *Centro de Biotecnologia y Genomica de Plantas UPM NNA, Spalin, **Feod and Agriculture Oramica to FACO of the Unit of Nations, Office for Partnership, Italy

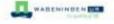
Generation Challenge Programme Workshop, 13th January 2014

In Plant and Animal Genomics Conference, San Diego, USA, 11-15th January 2014















CGIAR Crop Lead Centers





















Since 2008





Dimensions of a phenotype

Conditions

Conditions

Conditions

Nutrients

Temperature

Soil

Cultural
Socio Economic
Agronomic
Developmental
Physiologica
Chemical
Molecular

Understanding the GxE interaction and the heritability of adaptive traits

ariety genotype ton

Time



Harmonization and access to data



Breeders' data are often unstructured data - Complex free text used for phenotypes description

- No semantic coherence:
 - Same trait given different names by scientists
 - One trait named the same way for various species but refers to different plant structures
- Data and metadata are NOT interoperable and often not online

'Fruit colour'

Bean pod color

Rice grain or caryopsis colour

Maize Kernel Colour





Phenotype

It is a composite of an entity (e.g. fruit) and an attribute (e.g. shape) with a value (e.g. round):

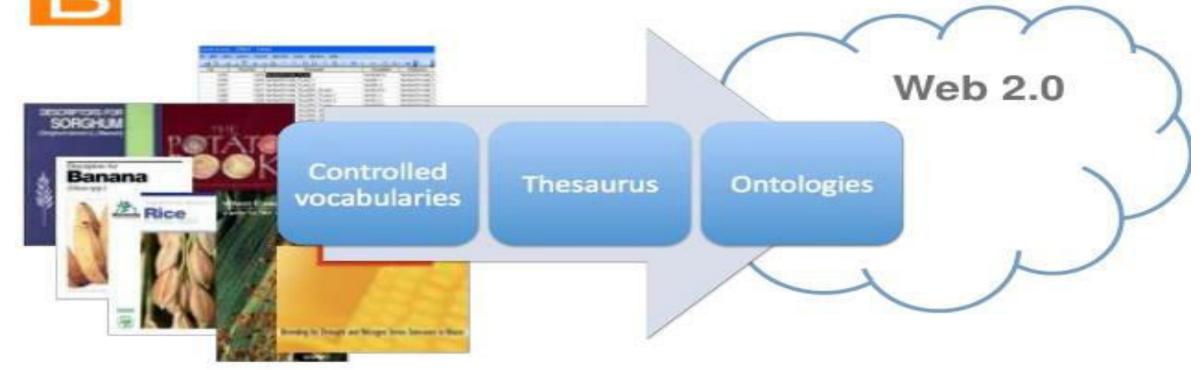
Entity + Attribute = Trait

Entity + (Attribute + Value) = Phenotype (observed)

fruit + (shape + round) = fruit shape round -> round fruit is the phenotype



A range of controlled vocabularies



- From the controlled vocabularies build valid semantic ontologies consumable by Web 2.0
- Best practices

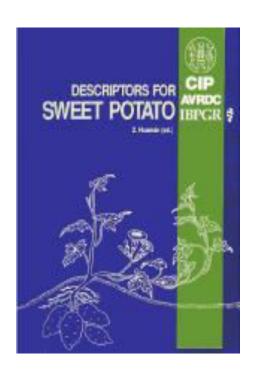


Crop Ontology themes

- General germplasm information
- Phenotype and traits
- Plant anatomy and development
- Location and environment
- Trial management and experimental design
- Structural and functional genomics

Sweetpotato ontology

- · Based on
 - FAO/IBPGRI/CIP descriptors
 - CIP/SASHA
 - NCSU
- · Total: 206 variables
- Http://cropontology.org



Recent activities

- Continued consultation with cropontology community on best practices (PAG 2016, PhenoHarmonis conference, May)
- GT4SP meeting at NCSU adding/harmonizing NCSU traits & reviewing existing traits
- adding traits from drought research on sweetpotato
- update on crop ontology web-site on-going (to enable review at this meeting)

Crop Ontology Curation Tool

About Feedback

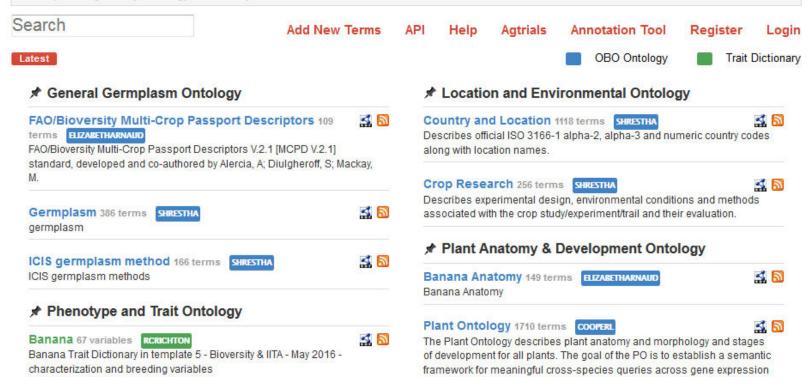
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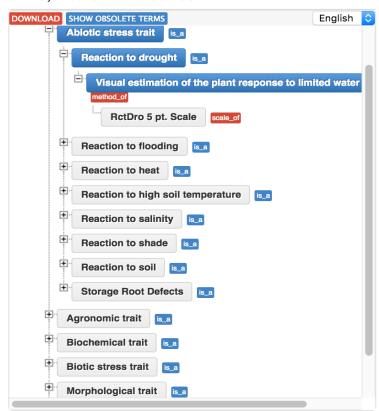




News

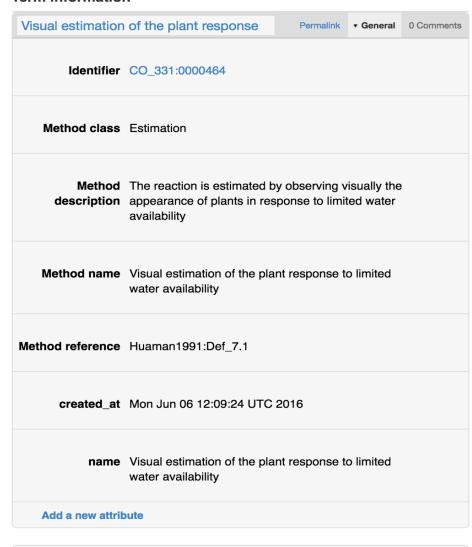
- Workshop PhenoHarmonIS 'Semantics for Harmonization and Integration of Phenotyping and Agronomy Data', 9th-13th May 2016, Montpellier
- Release of the Trait Dictionary template v5 (TDv5)! integrates standard variables which are the combination of a trait, a method and scale. NB: upload of TD in version 4 not supported anymore.
- Trait Dictionaries version 5: cassava, chickpea, cowpea, groundnut, lentil, pigeon pea, soybean, sweet potato, rice and wheat. Click on a term to display the variables.
- . Mapping CO terms to high level reference ontologies (TO, PO, PATO, CHEBI, EO, PDO, etc) is in progress
- . Crop Ontology is partner of the Planteome project (NSF-awarded project #1340112). Planteome site
- Crop Ontology participates to the Agroportal pilot project release of a beta version 1.0
 To upload an ontology
- . Guidelines are available at the Crop Ontology wiki (new guidelines coming soon for the template 5)
- To get the code of your crop ontology , please contact helpdesk: helpdesk@cropontology-curationtool.org
 Crop and Agronomy Ontology Community Web Site: http://tinyurl.com/ho4j922

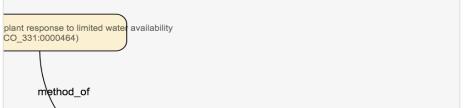


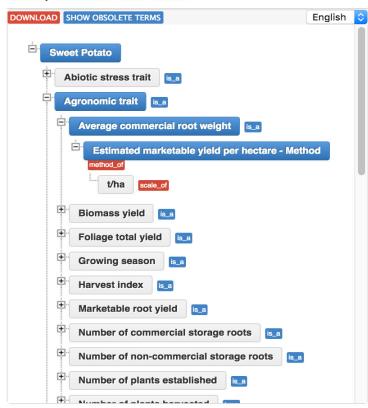


Variables



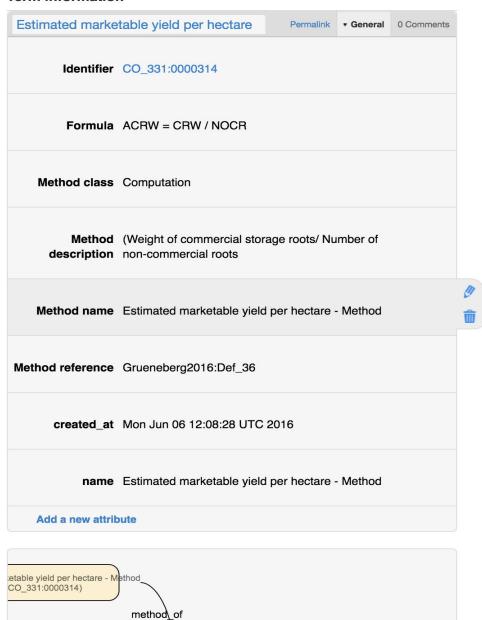


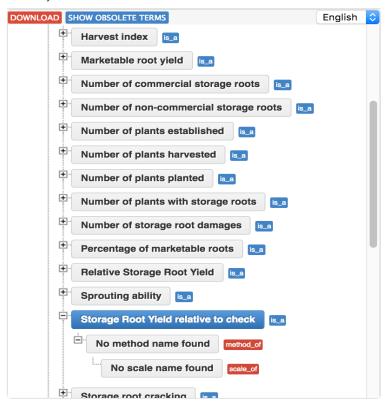




Variables

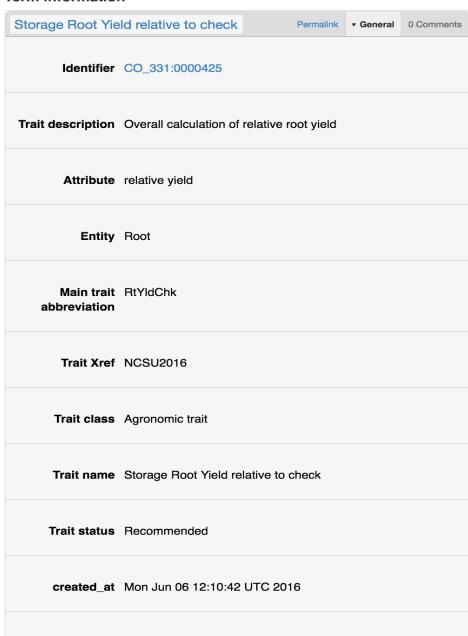


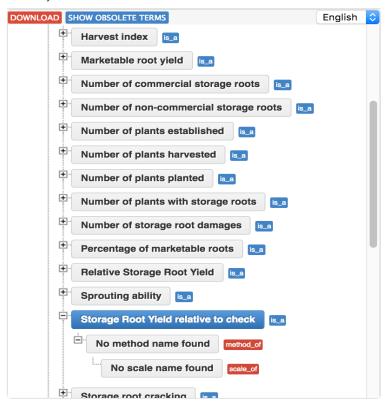




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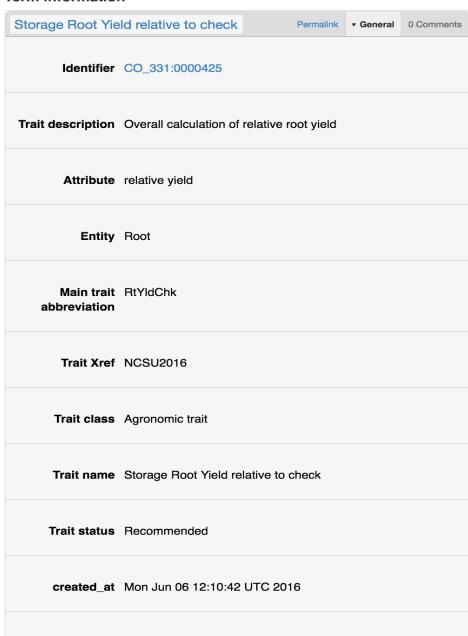
RtYldChk_Cp_pct

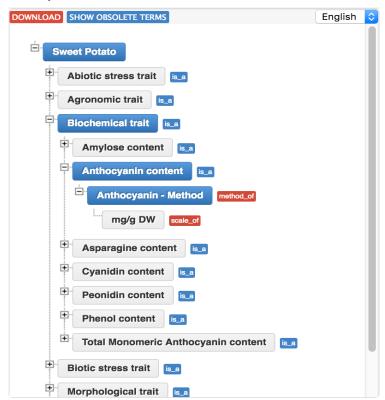




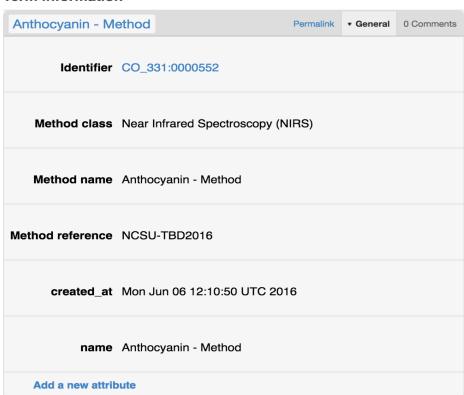
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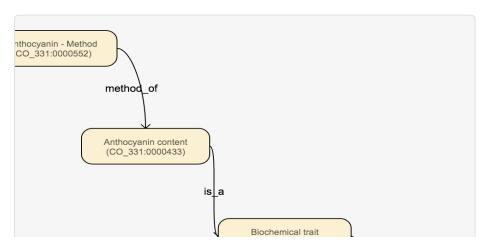


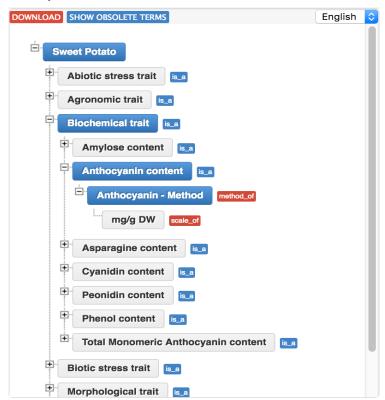
Term information



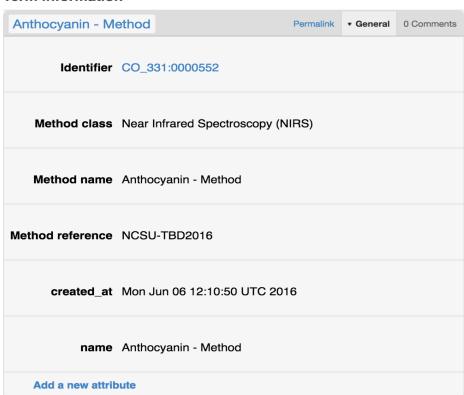
Variables





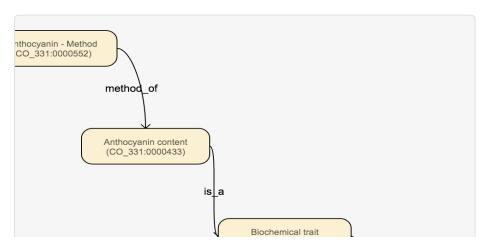


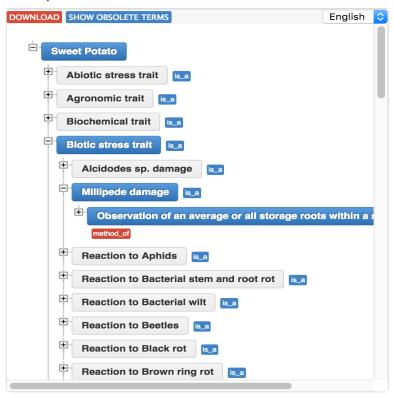
Term information



Variables

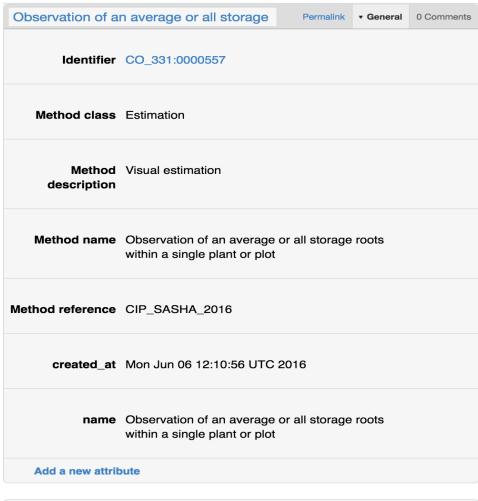


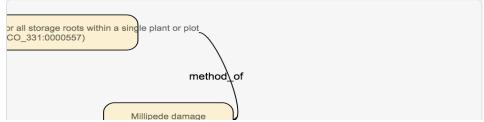


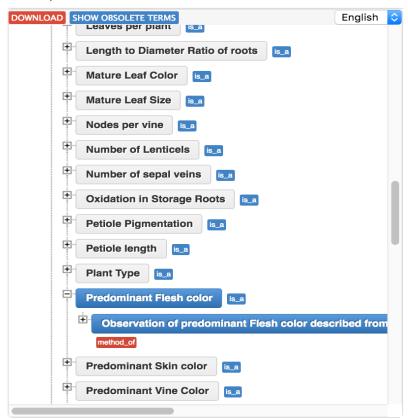


Variables





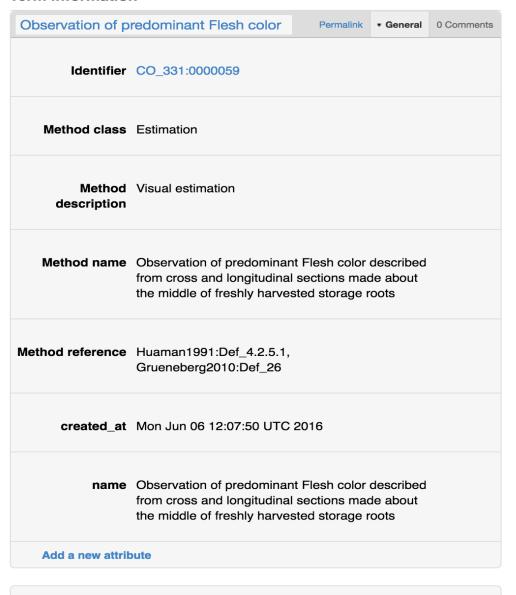




Variables

RtFIsCoIP_Et_1to9

Term information



nd longitudinal sections made about the middle of freshly harvested storage roots CO_331:0000059)

On-going work & issues

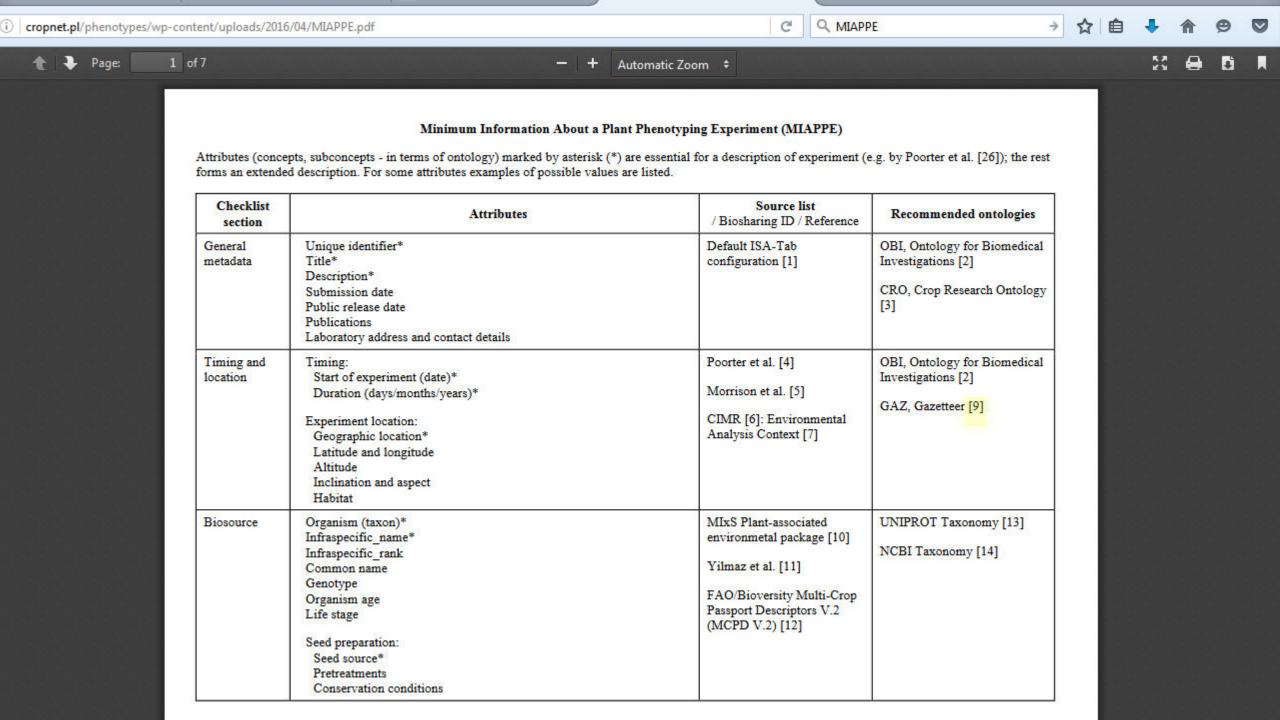
- Re-view utility of traits & measurement methods
- Document measurement methods
- Harmonization of variable names
- Avoidance of trait duplication
- Maintaining backward compatibility with existing data

More research needed on

- Not including 'sub-sampled variables'
 - That is the application has to take care of time-series variables of same type or several biological samples from a field
- How to best include photographic information

More emphasis on meta-data for an experiment

- Minimum information on a plant phenotyping experiment (MIAPPE)
- · Is a **checklist** what to document about the experimental context
- http://cropnet.pl/phenotypes/?page_id=15



Next steps

- Reviewing traits and variables for adequateness & measurement procedures (breeders)
- updating references to protocols
- vice-versa: updating protocols to CO-identifiers
- establishing a process of review