Food Safety Knowledge, Attitude and Practices of Orange-Fleshed Sweetpotato Puree handlers in Kenya.

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SWEETPOTATO ACTION FOR SECURITY AND HEALTH IN AFRICA

BACKGROUND



Orange Fleshed Sweetpotato (OFSP) puree is an *important ingredient* used in production of *baked products* in Kenya.

The quality and safety suitability of OFSP puree largely depends on compliance to food safety hygiene practices in processing by food handlers.

BACKGROUND cont....

There is lack of or limited *information on food* safety knowledge, attitude and practices of OFSP puree handlers.

Therefore, we need to generate data for developing training programs for *improving knowledge and hygiene practices* of OFSP puree handlers and **enhance OFSP puree shelf-life** and food safety.

OBJECTIVE



 To determine the level of food safety knowledge, attitude and practices (KAP) of OFSP puree handlers.

METHODOLOGY





Percentage scores above 80% were classified as High Level for Knowledge, Positive for attitude and Good for practices.





 Instructions and administering of questionnairres to OFSP puree handlers

RESULTS



Socio-demographic characteristics

Socio-demographic variables		Percentage (%)
Gender	Male	77
	Female	23
Age	18-25	31
	26-35	57
	36-60	12
Highest Education level	Primary	9
	Secondary	34
	Tertiary	57
Length of Employment (Years)	Less than 1	23
	1-5	54
	Above 5	23
Training in Food safety	Yes	63
- ·	No	37

Overall food safety knowledge, attitude and practices



- OFSP puree handlers had low level of food safety knowledge and practices.
- Consumers could be exposed to health risks as a result of violation of food safety practices.





 Low level of knowledge leading to poor practices in use of personal protective clothing and poor waste disposal.



- OFSP puree handlers demonstrated a poor understanding on food contamination, foodborne illnesses, cleaning and sanitation.
- Regular training should be carried out to improve their knowledge in these areas to avoid food safety risks.

Factors influencing Food Safety Knowledge, attitude and Practices of OFSP puree handlers.

- KAP scores of OFSP puree handlers increased with age, education level and work experience.
- Level of education significantly influenced their *attitude* (p<0.05).
- OFSP puree handlers with a training in food safety had better knowledge, positive attitude and better practices (p<0.05)
- Training can be a tool for improving food safety knowledge, perception and behaviors of food handlers.

Relationship among Knowledge, Attitude and Practices



	Correlation among	s	
	Level	Pearson Correlation	<i>p</i> value
	Knowledge-Attitude	0.11	0.5
	Attitude-Practices	0.40*	0.01
	Knowledge-Practices	0.35*	0.04
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Adjusted linear regression assessing the effect of food safety knowledge and

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Variables	Coefficient	p-value
Knowledge	0.3*	0.045
Attitude	0.4*	0.018

- Increasing food safety knowledge improves food handling practices of OFSP puree handlers.
- Positive behavioral changes of OFSP puree handlers improves food safety practices.

Conclusion and Recommendations

OFSP puree handlers have low level of knowledge and poor practices. Training and provision of necessary resources are important for improving food safety in OFSP processing.

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