

Production: capacities?



Period: current status at end of Y3 (May 31, 2017)

Facilities	No. units	Irrigation (Y/N)	Total m ²	Method (poly, pot, bench/trough, open)	RMT/ Conventional	Total no. of plants	Multiplication Rate
Screen house	1	Υ	145	Wooden trough		9000 (cuttings)	5
Mobile net tunnels	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A
Open field multiplication	Acres	Υ	2	Ridges	8-10	66,666	8-10
Basic seed multipliers							11

Production: targets vs actuals?



Names of varieties under pre-basic multiplication: NASPOT 12 O, NASPOT 13 O, Dimbuka-Bukulula, Others (NASPOT 1, NASPOT 9, NASPOT 10, EJUMULA, SPK 004)

Period: **June 2016 – May 2017**

Activities	Unit	Planned No.	Achieved	%	
	(& size)	(June 16 – May 17)	(June 16 – May	achievement	
			17)		
TC initiation	Plantlets	10	8	80	
TC micro-propagation	Plantlets	300	300	100	
Hardening	Plants	180	180	100	
Screen house multiplication	Cuttings	9000	9000	100	
Mobile net tunnel multiplication	Cuttings	NA	NA	NA	
Open field multiplication	Cuttings	64,000 (80 bags)	64,000	100	

Comments on production targets Actions taken during year 3 to increase multiplication

- Use of wooden boxes in place of buckets
- Use of foliar fertilizer (Rapid Grow) and organic manure
- Integrated crop management (weeding, watering, insecticide spraying)
- Actions taken during year 3 to reduce costs of production:
 - Use of organic manure (poultry manure) in place of Use of foliar fertilizer (Rapid Grow)
- Key challenges for year 3:
 - Low multiplication rates of Dimbuka-Bukulula in screen house
 - Small capacity of the pre-basic seed screen house
 - Prolonged drought that affects establishment of the basic seed multiplication and the comparison experiment
- Lessons to share for year 3:
 - Bigger soil substrate size and fertility increases multiplication rates

Quality management: June 2016-May 2017



- No. of plants virus indexed (grafted on I Setosa and tested with NCM-ELISA) 45 plants (15 per variety
 - 45 found negative (100%)
- % tested over last year and results
 - Variety: NASPOT 12 O Result: Negative
 - Variety: NASPOT 13 O Result: Negative
 - Variety: Dimbuka Bukulula Result: Negative
- Seed standards and inspection protocol
 - Current status: Published, ready for use by MAAIF
 - Are external inspections being conducted for field multiplication- Yes

Stakeholder meetings: June 2016 – 💥

Planned meetings (June 17 – May 18)

participants

No.

40

Proposed

January,

Date

2018

May 2017, and planned Sweetpotato Action for Security and Health in Africa						
Date of meeting held	No. participants (M/F)	Types of participant	Main topics	Follow up actions		
3 rd March	30 males 12 females	Vine multipliers, MAAIF Crop Inspectors, CIP, HP,	Role of clean seed in enhancing	Cleaning up farmer preferred		

NARO, MAK, NGOs

Types of

participants

Multipliers, Crop

NARO, NGOs

Inspectors, CIP, HP,

productivity.

Main topics

inspection &

certification

Impact of

partners

Identifying key

varieties

Proposed

6,000,000

budget

Training – in-country (June 16 – May SASH 2017)

	Date	Topic	No. participants	Training materials	Comments	
			(M/F)	available		
	17 th	Sweetpotato	Approximately	Brochures	A well attended	
	Nove	field day on	200		field day by district	
	mber production				and sub-county	
	2016	technologies and			production	
		seed systems			coordinators, NGO	
					staff and farmers	
	Planned	d for June 2017 – M	ay 2018			
	Date Topic		No. participants	Training materials	Proposed budget	
			(M/F)	available		
	March Sweetpotato field , 2018 day on production		Approximately	Brochures, Posters,	5,000,000	
			200	Pull up burners,		
				value added		
		technologies and		products	1117	
		seed systems				
					Slide No. 7	

Marketing strategy: June 2017 – May 2018

network

marketing

						Security and Healt	th in Africa
	Target	Message	Time	Channel/s	Responsible	Proposed	Indicator
	group	& activity	period			budget	of
						(UgX)	success
1.	Root	Role of	March,	Brochures,	Technicians,	5,000,00	Orders
	producers	clean seed	2018	demo plots,	PI and socio-	0	for seed
	, CBOs,	in		value	economist		recorded
	multipliers	enhancing		added			
		productivit		products			
		y & Field		from OFSP			
		days					
2.	Multipliers	Effective	Aug	SMS, radio,	Technicians,	5,000,00	
	, NGOs,	seed	17-	TV	PI and socio-	0	
	FGs	distribution	March		economist		
		, DVM	18				101 801

Slide No. 8

Marketing strategy: June 2017 – May 2018

		Target group	Message & activity	Time period	Channel/ s	Responsible	Proposed budget (UgX)	Indicator of success
4	3	Value addition actors (backward linkage)	Value addition as driver for seed systems	Sept 17 – Mar 18	Print media (e.g. New vision)	Communicati on officer	3,000,000	Increased demand for seed by value chain actors
4	4	Total					13,000,000	

Security and Health in Africa

June 17 - May 2018: key areas for SASHA strengthening performance of bizplanet of Action for Security and Health in Africa

Technical

Capacity building of robust data collection at TC and Screen house, develop automated data collection system

Institutional

Full operationalization in the NARO strategic plan

Financial

Solicit seed investment funds from NARO core funds to scale-up seed production which can reimbursed after seed sales



Stakeholders who participated in the 2nd sweetpotato stakeholders' meeting held at Root Crop conference Hall on 3rd March, 2017. Photo by Everline



Doreen Chelangat planting the SASHA Comparison experiment at NaCRRI on 29th March, 2017. Photo by Paul Musana