

# Some Quality Attributes of Jam and a Non-alcoholic Beverage from Orange-fleshed Sweetpotato

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# Outline

- ▶ Introduction
- ▶ Materials and Methods
- ▶ Results & Discussion
- ▶ Conclusion

# Introduction

- **Orange-fleshed sweetpotato (OFSP)** is a biofortified crop rich in beta-carotene, a provitamin A compound
- Other nutritional benefits of sweetpotato; carbohydrates (low glycemic index), vitamins, minerals, dietary fibre, etc.
- Nutritional potential of OFSP not fully exploited due to-
  - Limited awareness
  - Limited availability
  - Seasonality and price fluctuations
  - High perishability
  - Limited storage technology
  - **Limited processed products**
- ▶ Nigeria is one of the leading producers of Sweetpotato in Africa (3.78 MMT) (FAOSTAT, 2014)
- ▶ OFSP varieties -many across Africa (Tumwegamire et al., 2014)
- ▶ Nigeria-2 varieties officially released in 2012
  - ▶ Mothers' Delight (UMUSP0/3)- Intense orange colour, low dry matter
  - ▶ King J(UMUSP0/1) - Light orange colour, high dry matter

# Processing of OFSP Root & Product Development

## ▶ What is processing about?

Transformation/conversion of a commodity (agro-based) into more valuable forms (products) through the application of scientific principles (technology)

## ▶ What are the benefits of processing?

- address the limitations highlighted
- value addition, product innovation
- creates demand and encourages root production
- generating employment, increase incomes, improve livelihoods

## ▶ What are the processing options & products?

- Domestic processing (recipes & dishes)
- Industrial processing (Drying -chips-flour-baked, fried, etc.  
(Extraction-starch-syrup-sweeteners, etc.)  
(Pureeing-baked, beverages, etc.)  
(Frying-chips/crisps)  
(Etc.)

## ▶ What are the opportunities for OFSP processing?

- Agronomic-Short-cycle, high yield, low agricultural input requirements
- Nutrition -Rich in pro-vitamin A
- Income

OFSP processing & product development is very important in order to exploit its opportunities and take advantage of the benefits

# OFSP Products - Non-Alcoholic beverage & Jam

- ▶ **Beverages** -early morning tea, coffee and anything which we drink apart from water either to bring satisfaction to the body, aid digestion after meal or quenching of thirst
- ▶ Some beverages serve as substitute in filling human nutritional deficit because of the nutrients they contain while some are consumed as source of stimulant (Food & Beverages Services, 2006).
- ▶ **Non-alcoholic beverages** are mainly made up of water (Osuntogun *et al.*, 2004) which hydrates the body and depending on initial raw materials, they may provide essential minerals, vitamins and dietary fibre to the body (E.F.S.A 2009).
- ▶ Raw materials include fruits, vegetables, milk, cocoa, herbs and cereals.

## JUSTIFICATION

- ▶ the Non-Alcoholic Beverage (NAB) industry is constantly in demand for new/varied trendy products

Thus,

- ▶ processing of OFSP into a NAB could be a viable option
- ▶ use of OFSP will give additional health benefits to consumer because of its high nutritional benefit such as beta-carotene content

# OFSP Products - Non-Alcoholic beverage & Jam

- ▶ **Jam** can be defined as a jelly-like product with a soluble solid content of 45° Brix and consist of at least 40% fruit content
- ▶ Jam production is a form of (fruit) preservation, hence it is generally categorized as 'fruit preserve'
- ▶ Whether in the home kitchen or in modern food processing plant, the procedures are essentially the same
- ▶ Fruits are chopped and cooked with sugar and pectin until a gel is formed. The gel is packed into sterilized jars. Sugar or high fructose corn syrup, or a combination of the two is added to the fruit to sweeten it

- ▶ Pectin, which allows fruit to gel, is present in varying degrees in all fruits
- ▶ Apples, blackberries, cherries, citrus fruits, grapes, quinces, and cranberries have the best natural gelling properties
- ▶ Presently, countries like Portugal and India, Madagascar produce jam from sweetpotatoes

## JUSTIFICATION

- ▶ jam production using OFSP (packed with beta-carotene) as the raw material could serve as a good vehicle for increased consumption of vitamin A and the other nutrients inherent in OFSP

# Production of OFSP Non-Alcoholic beverage

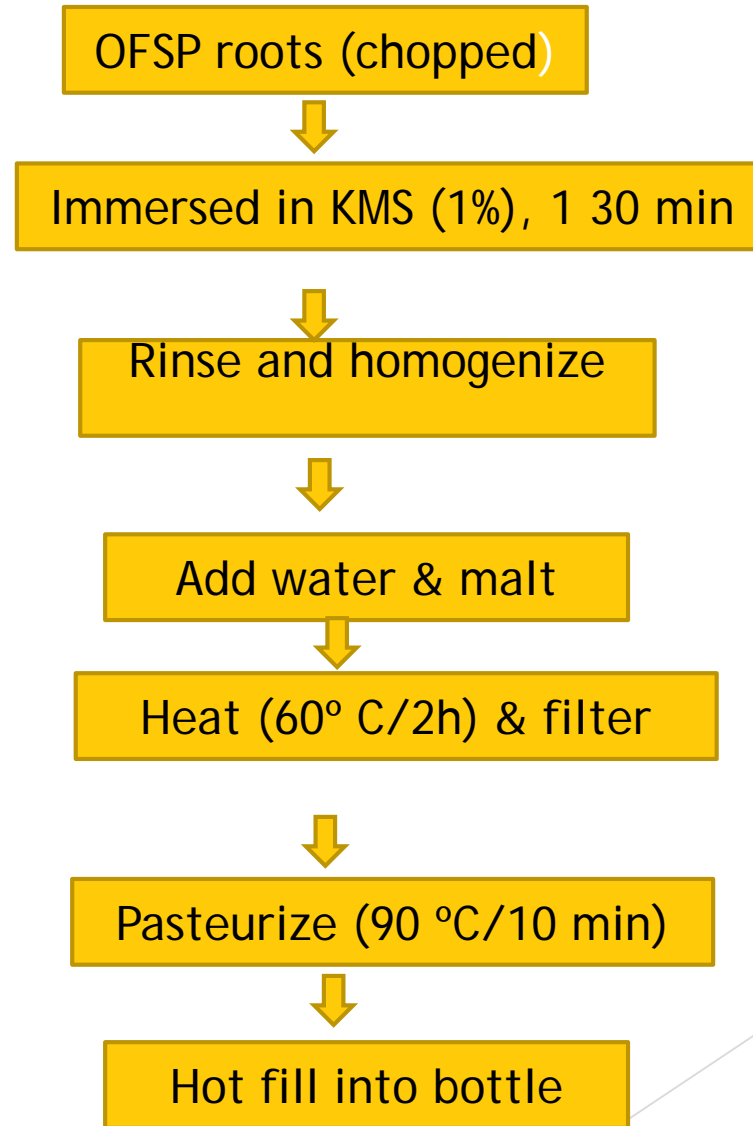
## Materials

OFSP roots-Two varieties (Mother's Delight, King J)

- Yellow-fleshed variety (Ex-Igbariam)

### ▶ Maize malt

- maize grains
- steeped for 24 hours
- sprouted for 3-4 days
- dried at 50° C for 2days
- milled to get maize malt





# Production of OFSP Jam

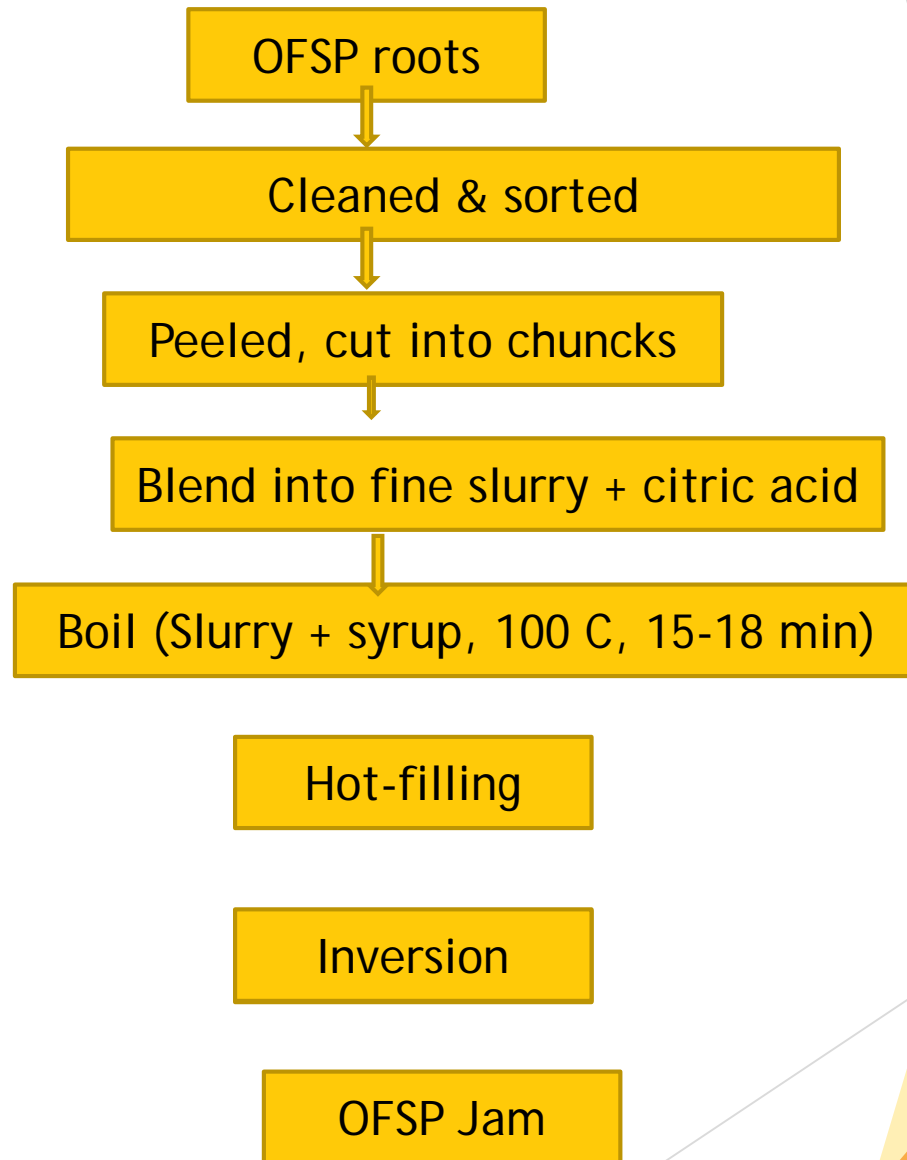
## Materials

OFSP roots-Two varieties (Mother's Delight, King J)

- Yellow-fleshed variety (Ex-Igbariam)

Citric acid

Sugar syrup



# OFSP Non-Alcoholic beverage & Jam :

## Analysis of some quality attributes

### Physico-chemical & Chemical properties

pH

Total Soluble Solids

Titratable Acidity

Vitamin C

Total Carotenoids

Total Sugars

### Sensory attributes & Consumer acceptability

# OFSP Non-Alcoholic beverage & Jam : Results & Discussion

Table 1: Physico-chemical and chemical properties of OFSP Non-alcoholic beverage

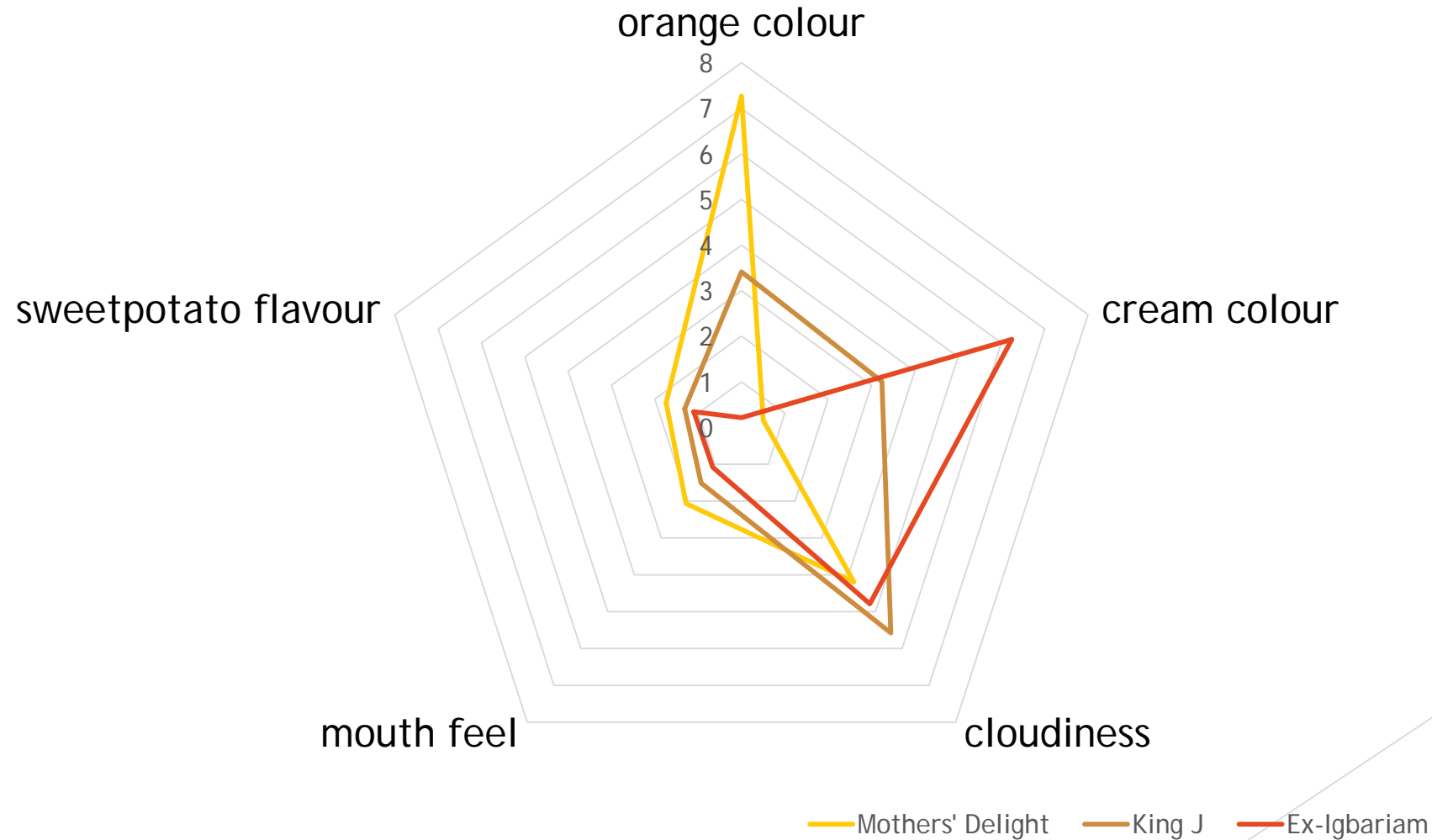
Sample	pH	Total soluble solids	Total titratable acidity (%)	Vitamin C (mg/kg)	Total sugar (%)	B-carotene (mg/kg)
Mothers' Delight	4.92	2.15 <sup>b</sup>	2.60 <sup>a</sup>	12.33 <sup>c</sup>	0.07	0.08 <sup>c</sup>
King J	4.90	1.80 <sup>a</sup>	3.10 <sup>a</sup>	1.91 <sup>a</sup>	0.05	0.01 <sup>a</sup>
Ex-Igbariam	4.64	2.60 <sup>c</sup>	5.60 <sup>b</sup>	10.39 <sup>b</sup>	0.06	0.01 <sup>a</sup>

Values are means of replicate determinations

Mean values followed by different letters are significantly different ( $p < 0.05$ )

# OFSP Non-Alcoholic beverage & Jam : Results & Discussion

Figure 1: Descriptive sensory attributes of sweetpotato OFSP Non-alcoholic beverage



# OFSP Non-Alcoholic beverage & Jam : Results & Discussion

Table 2: Consumer acceptability scores for OFSP Non -alcoholic beverage

Sample	colour	flavour	mouth feel	overall acceptability
Mothers' Delight	6.79c	4.36c	4.32c	4.91c
King J	5.06a	2.99b	3.66b	3.49a
Ex- Igbariam	5.46b	2.49a	3.39a	3.61b

# OFSP Non-Alcoholic beverage & Jam : Results & Discussion

Table 3: Physico-chemical and chemical properties of OFSP jam

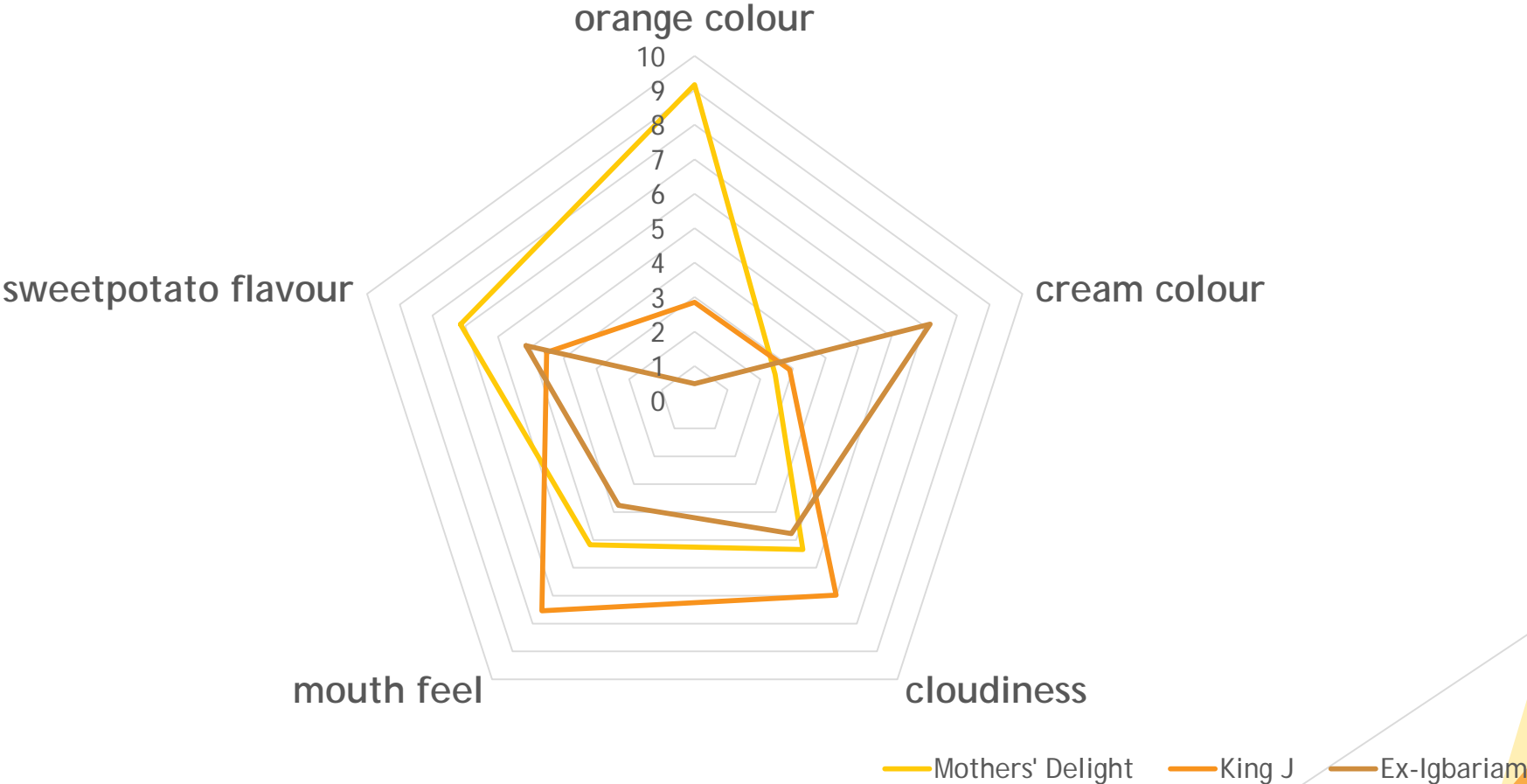
Sample	pH	Total solids	Total titratable acidity (%)	Vitamin C (mg/kg)	Total sugar (%)	B-carotene (mg/kg)
Mothers' Delight	6.05	18.1	3.90	38.93	36.0	1.34
King J	6.00	17.2	1.97	31.73	36.0	0.47
Ex-Igbariam	6.10	17.9	1.92	39.74	45.0	0.05

Values are means of replicate determinations

Mean values followed by different letters are significantly different ( $p < 0.05$ )

# OFSP Non-Alcoholic beverage & Jam : Results & Discussion

Figure 2: Descriptive sensory attributes of sweetpotato OFSP Jam



# OFSP Non-Alcoholic beverage & Jam : Results & Discussion

Table 4: Consumer acceptability scores for OFSP Jam

Sample	colour	flavour	mouth feel	overall acceptability
Mothers' Delight	6.8a	6.74ab	6.64a	6.86a
King J	7.4b	6.6a	7.01a	7.26ab
Ex- Igbariam	7.1ab	7.18b	7.58b	7.46b

Values are means of replicate determinations

Mean values followed by different letters are significantly different ( $p < 0.05$ )



# General Conclusion

Jam and non-alcoholic beverage from OFSP roots has quality attributes that could be exploited for commercial production

# Acknowledgement

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- ▶ Oyinlola Abudu-Badhmus
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Thank you for listening