# Learning to be an Effective Biofortification Advocate

#### Why do we need to advocate for biofortification



Building Nutritious FoodBaskets

9th Annual SPHI TECHNICAL MEETING, Nairobi - Kenya

#### Why advocate for biofortification / OFSP?

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Combating hidden hunger though nutritious food baskets

### ... Why advocate for biofortification / OFSP

#### Enabling environment

- Raise new investment for biofortification.
- Integration of biofortification in policy documents / implementation of policy.
- o Evidence on addressing micronutrient deficiency.
- Create awareness of the high prevalence of micronutrient deficiencies (vitamin A, iron, and zinc).
- Biofortification offers an agriculture-nutrition specific food-based intervention that addresses micronutrient deficiencies.
- o Promote new improved varieties of biofortified technologies / products.

Combating hidden hunger though nutritious food baskets

## ... Why advocate for biofortification / OFSP

- Nutrition education and behavior change communications materials.
- Build stakeholder support.
- Breeding of increased nutrient density and other characteristics.
- Standards and guidelines.

Combating hidden hunger though nutritious food baskets

## Thank you for your attention!

Building Nutritious FoodBaskets

Combating hidden hunger though nutritious food baskets

The Building Nutritious Food Baskets: Scaling up Biofortified Crops for Nutrition Security seeks to reduce hidden hunger by catalyzing sustainable investment for the production and utilization of biofortified crops (Orange-fleshed sweetpotato (OFSP); vitamin A (yellow) cassava, vitamin A (orange) maize and high iron/zinc beans) at scale. The project is implemented in Nigeria and Tanzania, to demonstrate how biofortified crops can be scaled up through a multi-crop ("food basket") approach. BNFB draws on complementary expertise for scaling up through a partnership between CGIAR centers and programs, regional organizations and other public and private sector agencies to create a movement that will eventually reach the target populations. BNFB's hypothesis is that scaling up is dependent on supportive policy environment, strong institutional capacities and availability of proven technologies.



CGIAR













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